#### THE HONORABLE BENJAMIN SETTLE

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT TACOMA

CLYDE RAY SPENCER

Plaintiff,

NO. C11 5424 BHS

v.

DETECTIVE SHARON KRAUSE and SERGEANT MICHAEL DAVIDSON,

Defendants.

DECLARATION OF GUY BOGDANOVICH IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR ORDER DIRECTING TRANSPORT OF INMATE TO TESTIFY AT TRIAL

NOTE ON MOTION CALENDAR: Tuesday, December 24, 2013

PURSUANT TO 28 U.S.C. § 1746, Guy Bogdanovich declares as follows:

- 1. I am competent to testify in all respects, and make this declaration from personal knowledge. I am the attorney of record for defendant Sharon Krause in the above-entitled action.
- 2. Attached hereto as **Exhibit A** is a true and correct copy of the Subpoena to Appear and Testify at a Hearing or Trial in a Civil Action which I served by hand upon Matthew Hansen on November 5, 2013, commanding his appearance at trial in the above-entitled action on January 14, 2014.
- 3. I have communicated about the arrangements made for the transport of Matthew Hansen as set forth in the accompanying Motion and proposed Order in

DECLARATION OF GUY BOGDANOVICH IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR ORDER DIRECTING TRANSPORT OF INMATE TO **TESTIFY AT TRIAL - 1** 

Cause No: C11-5424 BHS

LAW, LYMAN, DANIEL KAMERRER & BOGDANOVICH, P.S.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW 2674 RW JOHNSON BLVD SW, TUMWATER, WA 98512 PO BOX 11880, OLYMPIA, WA 98508-1880 (360) 754-3480 FAX: (360) 357-3511

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person and via email with Clark County Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Bernard Veljacic, and by telephone and via email with Pierce County Deputy Prosecuting Attorney P. Grace Kingman, and they are both in agreement with the proposal. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington and the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct. DATED this 24<sup>th</sup> day of December, 2013 at Tumwater, Washington. /s/ Guy Bogdanovich Guy Bogdanovich

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DECLARATION OF GUY BOGDANOVICH IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR ORDER DIRECTING TRANSPORT OF INMATE TO **TESTIFY AT TRIAL - 2** 

Cause No: C11-5424 BHS

LAW, LYMAN, DANIEL, KAMERRER & BOGDANOVICH, P.S. ATTORNEYS AT LAW 2674 RW JOHNSON BLVD SW, TUMWATER, WA 98512 PO BOX 11880, OLYMPIA, WA 98508-1880 (360) 754-3480 FAX: (360) 357-3511

# **EXHIBIT** A

AO 88 (Rev. 07/10) Subpoena to Appear and Testify at a Hearing or Trial in a Civil Action

(360) 754-3480; gbodanovich@lldkb.com

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Western District of V	Vashington	
CLYDE RAY SPENCER,         )           Plaintiff         )           v.         )           JAMES M. PETERS, ET AL.         )           Defendant         )	Civil Action No. C11-5424 BHS	
SUBPOENA TO APPEA AT A HEARING OR TRIAL		
To: MATTHEW HANSEN, 18102 NE Cole Witter Road, Battle C	Ground, WA 98604	
YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear in the United State to testify at a hearing or trial in this civil action. When you arrive officer allows you to leave.	tes district court at the time, date, and place set forth below we, you must remain at the court until the judge or a court	
Place: United States District Court for Western Washington	Courtroom No.: E (Honorable Benjamin H Settle)	
1717 Pacific Avenue Tacoma, WA 98402	Date and Time: 01/14/2014 9:00 am	
The provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(c), relating to your R. Civ. P. 45 (d) and (e), relating to your duty to respond to this so, are attached.	protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Fed. subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing	
Date:11/05/2013 CLERK OF COURT		
•	OR And WSBA#14777	
Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk	Attorney's signature	
The name, address, e-mail, and telephone number of the attorned Defendant , who issues on	y representing (name of party)  Trequests this subpoena, are:	
Guy Bogdanovich, WSBA No. 14777 PO Box 11880 Olympia, WA 98508-1880		

AO 88 (Rev.07/10) Subpoena to Appear and Testify at a Hearing or Trial in a Civil Action (page 2)

Civil Action No. C11-5424 BHS

# PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

Thi	s subpoena for (name o	f individual and title, if any)	Matthew Hansen	
was receive	d by me on (date)	11/05/2013 .		
<b>Y</b> I	served the subpoena	by delivering a copy to the named person as follows: via hand-delivery		vs: via hand-delivery
			on (date)	11/05/2013 ; or
	returned the subpoer	a unexecuted because:		
Unl tend	ess the subpoena was lered to the witness fe	issued on behalf of the Ues for one day's attendar	United States, or one of its once, and the mileage allower	officers or agents, I have also ed by law, in the amount of
\$_	197.07			
My fees are	\$	for travel and \$	for services	, for a total of \$
I de	clare under penalty of	perjury that this inform	ation is true.	
Date: C	october 9, 2013		Ang And Server's	signature
			Guy Bogdanovich, WSBA 14777	
		A-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	Printed name and title	
			Law Lyman Daniel Kamerrer & Bogdanovich PS	
				x 11880 A 98508-1880
			Server's	s address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

# Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e) (Effective 12/1/07)

#### (c) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena.

- (1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The issuing court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees on a party or attorney who fails to comply.
  - (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.
- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the issuing court for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

### (3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the issuing court must quash or modify a subpoena that:
  - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 100 miles from where that person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person except that, subject to Rule 45(c)(3)(B)(iii), the person may be commanded to attend a trial by traveling from any such place within the state where the trial is held;
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
  - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- (B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the issuing court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or
- (iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

#### (d) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- (B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

#### (2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
  - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.
- (e) Contempt. The issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena. A nonparty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoena purports to require the nonparty to attend or produce at a place outside the limits of Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(ii).